

The BEST & CHEAPEST
WANT Ads. of Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

No Discount. The Greatest
EVENING PAPER.
THE POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 38—NO. 361.

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 10, 1888.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.
BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

CRAWFORD'S.
Cool days like this are apt to occur all through the summer, and one always needs a dressy summer waist both for chilly days and evenings. The Striped Flannel Blouse or Jacket is the "correct" garment, and during Crawford's sale is the "correct" time to buy, as you can now get the shrunken French flannels in all shades, both dark and the most delicate, as cream or pale blue striped with rose color, etc. They are worth 50 cents, but now sell at 33 1-3 cents.

A Crawford Special!
Men's Extra Super Stout British Half Hose, all sizes, reduced from 25 cents to 17 1-2 cents a pair! Cast iron for wear.
Also,
One lot of Men's Extra Stout Fine Drilling Drawers, elastic ankles, all sizes; were 60 cents and 75 cents a pair; all out to 43 cents, or two pairs for 85 cents.

We are selling that beautiful genuine Paris Printed Mouseline, worth a quarter, at 10 cents a yard this week.
Cream-Colored Jerseys, tailor-finished, pointed fronts, coat backs, worth \$1.50, for 50 cents each until further notice from

W.D. CRAWFORD & CO.
Spectacle Wearers
Buy Only the Best, and Get Properly Suited by a Practical Optician, which is done only by
A. S. ALOE CO.,
Practical and Scientific Opticians,
Cor. 4th and Olive Sts.,
Where you can get your Eyes Properly Tested and Glasses Accurately Adjusted, and Proper Frames Adapted.

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Lignor Habit Positively Cured by Administration of Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance has effected a permanent cure. It is a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of the liquor habit. For sale by W. D. Crawford, Broadway and Olive Sts., Richardson Drug Co., 4th and Clark Sts., Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., 5th and Washington Sts., J. S. Merrell Drug Co., 620 Washington St., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE
—OR—
FOR RENT
BUILDINGS
515-517 Market St.,
Formerly occupied by the Post-Dispatch.
Boiler, Engine and Counters
FOR SALE.
APPLY
513 Olive Street
POST-DISPATCH OFFICE.
SUMMER RESORTS.

ALLERTON HOUSE,
ST. CLAIR, CO., ILL.
Large Third st., end of Bridge, as Grand av.
Large, airy rooms, first-class table. Rates reasonable. Omnibus every 15 minutes.

SWEET SPRINGS HOTEL,
Five miles ride, via Missouri Pacific Railway, from St. Louis. Through sleeping and chair cars. Hotel newly fitted electric bells, gas, finely shaded blue-gray lawn, no mosquitoes, elevation 500 feet above St. Louis; fine orchestra and ball-room; swimming pool, water suit to ocean. Round-trip tickets, good for ten days, \$1.50.
J. W. HALL, Lessee,
Sweet Springs, Mo.
W. F. WALTON, Manager.

LADIES!
Do Your Own Dyeing at Home, With
PEERLESS DYES!
They will dye everything. They are sold every where, for 10c a package—40 colors. They have no equal for strength, brilliancy, amount in packages for purposes of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not stain or soil. Put up by Little's Pink Dye Works, 200 Broadway St., N. Y. For sale by W. D. Crawford, Broadway and Olive Sts., Richardson Drug Co., 4th and Clark Sts., Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., 5th and Washington Sts., J. S. Merrell Drug Co., 620 Washington St., St. Louis, Mo.

Great Double Reduction Sale
NOW AT
FRANK BROTHERS
Broadway & Washington Av.

Low Prices Never Before Equaled
IN THIS CITY.

Dress Goods Every Parasol
Cream Crinkle Seersucker, Original price, 7c; now 3 1-2c
Light Blue Zephyr Gingham, Original price, 20c; now 10c
In our house
At Exactly One-Half Our former price.

Underwear. HOSIERY.
Ladies' fine Muslin Chemise, Pompadour yoke, lace or embroidery. Former price, \$1; now 69c
Children's Solid Fast Black, regular made, French toe, Former price, 25c; now 10c

FANS. SHOES.
Fine Feather Fans. Former price, 75c; now 37c
Ladies' Fine Paris Kid Button Boots, opera and common-sense styles. Former price, \$4; now \$3

Handkerchiefs. White Goods.
Gents' Pure Linen Hdkfs. Former prices, 10c, 20c, 25c, 30c. Now 5c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c
Ladies' Hdkfs. 200 dozen Fancy at 2c each
Fine India Linen. Former price, 12 1-2c; Now 7 1-2c

AT COST.
We will offer our large and complete assortment of Domestic and Foreign Patent Medicines and Proprietary Articles, Toilet Goods of every description, Sponges, Chambray, etc., etc., AT FIRST COST for the next few days, previous to REMOVAL to our new quarters, 518 Olive street.
Mellier Drug Co. 709-711 Washington Av.

White Goods Departm't
JUST OPENED,
Fifty Cases Seasonable Goods!
Victoria and India Lawns.
English Welts and Marseilles.
Black Organdies and Fancy Plaid Lawns.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.
ALEXANDER'S BEEF, WINE AND PEPSIN,
A Standard Preparation and recommended by physicians, especially in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Strength and Lack of Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity of plain Beef, Iron and Wine. Price, \$1.
ALEXANDER'S CHOLERA AND DIARRHEA CURE—A safe remedy to be kept in the house during the heated term.
ALEXANDER'S COUGH MIXTURE—Successful for twenty-five years.
ALEXANDER'S CORN-REMOVER will Remove Corns.
Prescriptions and Family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the direct supervision of
M. W. ALEXANDER, Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,
Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive Street.

J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1219 and 1221 OLIVE STREET.
Come and see our New Stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, ICE BOXES, REFRIGERATORS, GASOLINE STOVES, COOLERS, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS and Every Variety of Household Goods at prices as low as any house in the world.

Gugent's RETIRING Millinery Business
FOR LACK OF ROOM.
In consequence of our growing business and the demands made for room by other departments, we have decided to sacrifice the Millinery Department. We are therefore closing out the goods in this department without regard to cost or value.

TRIMMED GOODS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, Everything, to Be Closed Out.
FIXTURES, MIRRORS, SHOW-CASES, For Sale.
This should form an interesting feature of our

Great Clearing Sale
B. Nugent & Bro.
815, 817, 819 and 821 N. Broadway, Bet. Franklin Av. and Union Market.

DON'T FEEL
Warm and uncomfortable—don't wear heavy clothing this warm weather.

See WANAMAKER'S line of thin goods, and select
Genuine Seersucker Coats and Vests, \$7.50
Genuine Pongee Silk Coats and Vests, \$7.50
Alpaca Coats and Vests, light and fancy colors, \$6.50
Mohair Coats and Vests, light and fancy colors, \$6.50
Flannel Coats, white and fancy, \$7.00
Flannel Trousers, white and fancy, \$6.00
Office Coats, \$4.00
Drap d'Ete, Alpaca, Mohair, Seersucker, Pongee—every color—in every variety of price.

FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.50 to \$3; every color, every weight. Windsor Ties, to wear with them, 25c to 50c.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
210 and 212 N. Broadway.
SHIRT WAISTS for the Boys, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50.
Boys' thin goods, in Pongee, Seersucker and latest Summer fabrics—WANAMAKER prices.

What Could Excell It? A BEAUTIFUL HOME!
Turn on the lights, dear, breathe in the lustre, Drop all the shadings of dim white lace. Outside our neighbors all stand in the cluster, Why don't they—why not—why not—why not? Gold-threaded portiers, fringes and pictures, Roses, red satin, or unadorned green. Once we lived differently, do you remember. Poverty, misery, boarding, all that? Sitting neglected, June and December. In our one chamber the top of the flat. In the house, holding heads and nice things. Asking friends in to see our despair. You and daughter, looking at our earnings. Just to enable us still to live there. Then a good fairy seemed really to tickle Pope's ear rather than whisper at all. 'Told him to rise up and go to Michigan. One who hears always secretly' can. First, quite ashamed like, he would not begin it. Then he reflected, becoming a man. He made up his mind in the half of a minute. The rest came about by the installment plan. Happy? I never in life felt so pleasant. As when we decided to live as we ought. Fate just gave me carte blanche—what a present! Furniture, carpets, curtains, pictures, selected Gasconade stoves, holding heads and nice things. Now, with this palace-house it is expected. Well, hardly. The whole of earth's happy house-keepers will answer that. It has been thus from the first and will be to the last. When one has a lovely home, plain, without an effort, on the weekly payment plan, why should they give it up in the hot weather for discomfort? Only try it, once. Go see (Trade Mark.) THE ONLY MICHIGAN. 1015, 1023, 1024, Market St.
P. S. Midsummer prices lower than ever! See the South Class all the year round. Get busy a car-lace.

LATEST EDITION DODGING DANGER.

THE "TIMES" OPPOSES PARNELL'S MOTION FOR A COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY.
The Liberals to Press the Matter in Case of Defeat—A New View of Home Rule by the Irish Leader—Mr. Rhodes' Liberal Contribution to the Nationalist Cause—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.
LONDON, July 10.—The Times to-day strongly urges the Government to refuse to grant the Committee of Inquiry, asked by Parnell, as it did last year when a similar motion was made. By the terms of the motion Parnell proposes that the committee have full power to examine witnesses and demand the production of books and papers. Such an inquiry would strictly confine the investigation to the authenticity of the criminal letters, and the conductors of the Times would be imprisoned until they disclosed where and how they were obtained. In a court of law, there would be practically no limit to irrelevant questions which might be raised. If Parnell's motion is rejected, as it is almost certain to be, the matter will be raised again by the Liberal members on the vote of the Attorney General's salary. Their view is that after the grave charges made against a member of the House by the highest law officer of the Crown, the Government is bound either to move the expulsion of the incriminated person or allow him the opportunity which he seeks of exculpating himself. Parnell's letter to Rhodes, the South African colonist, who has just contributed \$50,000 in furtherance of the Nationalist cause, will greatly strengthen Gladstone's hands. For the first time Parnell specifically advocated the retention of the Irish members in the Imperial Parliament. The proposed expulsion under Gladstone's home rule bill, undoubtedly gave plausibility to the cry about separation, which Gladstone stigmatized as the mere cant of vulgar criticism. Parnell at that time remained neutral, partly because he did not wish to embarrass Gladstone's government, and partly because many of his supporters still cherished sentiments of fierce hostility towards England. All this is altered now, and Parnell is of opinion that the Irish representation should remain absolutely unchanged. The probability, however, is that Gladstone will propose to reduce considerably the number of Irish members.

AN INTERVIEW WITH PARNELL.
Parnell, in an interview had with a member of the press yesterday, expressed the opinion that at the next election Gladstone would have 120 majority. This is a moderate estimate. Sanguine Gladstonians place the figure as high as 160. Parnell gave an interesting account of Mr. Rhodes. He is not an Irishman, but an Englishman, who emigrated to South Africa when young with little capital save brains. Now he is the chief proprietor of the great diamond mine at Kimberley, from which he derives a revenue of about \$300,000 yearly. Some years ago he returned to England for a time and took a high degree at Oxford. Parnell thinks that the home rule question will result in Imperial federation and declares that Gladstone had proposed to retain the Irish members in his home-rule bill, this would have met more vehement opposition than their exclusion. Even now he thinks it probable the Lords will object to pass such a bill if Irish members are retained at Westminster, because henceforth the Irish members will form a permanent wing of the Liberal party.

STEVENSON'S NEW PLAY.
Robert Louis Stevenson has written a play for Miss Calhoun, an American actress, at present appearing at the Royal Theatre.

ENGLAND.
PARNELL ON HOME RULE.
LONDON, July 10.—In an interview Mr. Parnell said he believed that the home-rule movement would result in the establishment of an Imperial Parliament, in which England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales and the Colonies would be represented. Each country would have a separate legislature to manage its local affairs. The Imperial Parliament, he thought, would supplant the House of Lords. Mr. Parnell said he also believed that the next general election would result in the return to the House of Commons of a majority of 120 Gladstonians.

NAVAL STRENGTH OF THE POWERS.
An English "Blue Book" has just been issued which gives the number of vessels contained in the navy of the different maritime powers of Europe, as follows: Battle-ships: England, 49; France, 30; Italy, 21; Germany, 18; Russia, 9. Cruisers—England, 97; France, 67; Germany, 29; Russia, 25; Italy, 21. Torpedo vessels and boats—England, 176; France, 140; Italy, 123; Russia, 97; Germany, 96.

GERMANY.
EMPEROR FREDERICK'S DOCTORS.
BERLIN, July 10.—Dr. Gerhardt, acting under the instructions of other German doctors who attended the late Emperor Frederick, has drawn up a report stating that early in 1887 the German physicians pronounced the disease from which he was suffering to be of a cancerous nature. They decided to open the lungs and preparations were made to perform the operation on May 20, when Dr. Mackenzie saw Emperor Frederick and declared that the disease was not cancer and opposed an operation. Dr. Mackenzie removed a portion of the growth, which Prof. Virchow examined, but there was no proof that the piece was taken from the actually affected part. Dr. Gerhardt examined the Emperor's throat after the piece had been removed and accused Dr. Mackenzie of removing a piece from the unaffected part of the throat instead of from the diseased part. Dr. Mackenzie replied that it was possible he had done so. The German doctors protested against Dr. Mackenzie's treatment throughout. Prof. Von Bergmann corroborates Dr. Gerhardt's statements, and gives the reasons why he lost confidence in Dr. Mackenzie.

Fair Weather Coming.
"Remarkably fine weather this," said Sergt. Chappell to-day. "It is quite cool, and though the sky might seem to say that rain is probable, appearances in this case are quite deceptive. The indications are not for rain, but for fair and warmer weather all along. We just escaped a heavy rain. There were 3 inches of rain at Springfield, Ill., and rain to the north and east of us. It skipped over us though and we didn't get wet."

A MURDERER'S SANITY.

Landgraf's Attorney, Made a Second Request for a Jury.
Messrs. Joseph G. Lodge and S. S. Bass, attorneys for Henry Landgraf, who is under sentence to hang next Friday for murdering his sweetheart, Anna Tisch, made application to Sheriff Harrison this afternoon for a jury to inquire into Landgraf's mental condition. The application which they filed with the Sheriff was accompanied by five affidavits. One is the affidavit of Jailer Michael Calhoun, who avers that Landgraf is of weak mind and acts peculiarly, sometimes apologizing to him for fancied violations of the rules which he has really never committed. Whether he is insane the jailer is not prepared to state. Edward Folkliesener and Richard Knox, two of the guards, make very strong affidavits in support of the application. Folkliesener says he has no hesitancy in stating that he believes Landgraf to be insane, and he refers to his peculiarities and delusions. Knox says the condemned acts so peculiarly and so different from people with common sense that he considers him insane. Guard John Armstrong speaks of his delusions and eccentricity, and also declares that Landgraf is at least weak-minded, but he is not prepared to say whether he is insane. Ex-Guard Albert G. League also considers the prisoner weak minded and notices his peculiar actions and his delusions, but he will not aver whether he is insane. Mr. Bass says several well-known experts on insanity before whom he has said Landgraf's case as a hypothetical case declare that if as represented the man is insane, he made no attempt to obtain affidavits from them, intending to place them on the stand in case the jury is trier. No argument was made in support of the application, the Sheriff being merely requested to give the matter his careful consideration. If he refuses to grant the jury no court can compel him to do so. Three weeks ago a similar application was made to the Sheriff and refused, but it was not supported by affidavits as the present one is.

TEACHERS PREPARING.

A Crowd of Them Examined To-Day in the Board Room.
The Board room of the Public School Building on Seventh and Chestnut streets was given up to-day to the public school teachers and other teachers who wished to try the examination for positions on the instruction corps. There were three divisions—those who were trying for the position of principal, those applying for positions in colored schools and the German teachers applying for positions as third assistants in the English branches. The ex-German teachers taking the examination were all put through orally by the Examination Committee for the purpose of passing on their abilities to handle English. The examinations will continue through two or three days. The teachers taking the examinations are: For principals—George H. Bell, Flower Church, James Donnelly, George Nagle Martin, Hugo P. Haspel, Jennie R. Leppmann, Frederick William Pottoff, W. E. Kelley, Lizzie Gladfelter, Lee W. Grant, Richard A. Hudlin, Eleanor Mars, Julia Trevor Dodge, John Wesley Darnell, Peter H. Clark, J. B. Kroeger. For third grade English assistants—Wilhelm L. Kleinmann, Mary Heuser, Josephine Niederstadt, Julie Hieckler, Martha M. Krebs, Emily Rathman, Babetta Mawkins, Clementine Meyersburg. For colored school teachers—Carrie A. Bevers, Sarah V. Bean, Carrie V. Wilson, Lizzie F. Price, Alice E. Graham, Mamie O. Smith, Georgia Amelia Brown, Mary E. McLeod, Blanche Bradford, Laura Brockmeier, Melissa Wilson, Clara E. Sile, Emma V. Parker, Edna M. Robinson, Cora Moore.

JUMPED FROM THE BRIDGE.

The Mysterious Suicide of an Unknown Man Last Night.
Another unfortunate is supposed to have jumped off the bridge and sought consolation in the river. A man and woman whose names are not known, reported to a watchman on the bridge at 9:10 o'clock last night that they had seen some unknown man walk out in front of them on the bridge from the St. Louis bend and stop when he reached the east pier, near the Illinois side. There he stood for a moment gazing down into the murky stream below. Then he climbed over the rail, balanced himself for a moment and stepped into the river below. They saw him shoot down into the dark space between him and the water, heard the splash as he struck the water, and then all was quiet. It is supposed he was drowned. The man and woman describe the supposed suicide as a man 30 or 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches tall, has sandy mustache, and wore dark clothes and dark stiff hat.

IN HARD STRAITS.

Byrne, the Trusted Friend of Parnell, Bailing for a Livelihood.
By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, July 10.—Frank Byrne, who figured in the libelous articles in the London Times, about which so much has been said recently, now lives on Dean street, beyond Vanderbilt street, in Brooklyn. Though a trusted and tried assistant of Mr. Parnell and Isaac Butt, the father of home rule, and a man of talent, he has been unable to make a go since his coming here. He has done all sorts of things, but no one thing a long time. His most recent venture was as proprietor of a saloon. Things became so twisted that Byrne was glad to get out. His friend, John Walsh, is not much better off, but he has only himself to look after, while Byrne has a wife and family.

DEATH OF MRS. CARLIN.

Demise of an Old and Much Respected Lady at Carrollton, Ill.
Mrs. Mary Carlin died at Carrollton, Ill., yesterday in the 84th year of her age. She was born in Virginia. Her maiden name was Hyde. Her husband, Thomas Carlin, died some years ago. He was a brother of Gen. Wm. Carlin, after whom their son Gen. Wm. P. Carlin, U. S. A., was named. Two other children, daughters, were born to them. They are Mrs. Theophilus Papin and Mrs. Harlin. The latter has resided for several years at the Carrollton home. Mrs. Papin was with her mother in the last moments, having gone there to care for her over a week ago. Mr. Papin and children of the family left this morning for Carrollton to attend the funeral, which took place this afternoon.

Stole a House.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.
NASHVILLE, Ill., July 10.—Lorenz Jaroschski, an aged Poleander, was yesterday evening arrested and had a preliminary examination before Squire Burns on a charge of stealing a frame house from the farm owned by Peter Seiber of Ash Grove, this county. He was placed in jail last night to await the action of the Grand jury, failing to give bond in the sum of \$500. The house had been removed piecemeal a distance of two miles, and preparations had been made to erect it on Jaroschski's place.

Found Murdered.

OTTUMWA, Mo., July 10.—The body of Alice Kelly, a woman of bad reputation, was found in the outskirts of the city this morning with her throat cut and her head badly beaten. A horse and buggy was hitched to a tree nearby. The body was covered with a lap robe. The nature of the wounds indicate murder. The woman has been here about a month and gave Detroit, Mich., as her home.

Big Timberland Sale.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 10.—The Michigan Lumber Co. have bought 60,000 acres of pine timber land in Drew and Ashley Counties at prices ranging from \$1.25 to \$4 per acre. Six weeks have been spent in surveying the land, the surveyor reaching here to-day.

CASUALTIES

The Floods in West Virginia—A Fatal Sunstroke—Other Mishaps.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 10.—The floods continue and destruction to property all along

than in 1884, when the great flood came. The farms are flooded and hundreds of acres are growing crops and harvested grain are deluged. Millions of feet of timber are floated in the swift current, going to destruction. The loss in this vicinity will be \$15,000, and in this and adjoining counties will be more than \$100,000. Every stream is out of its banks. Numbers of families have had to move to higher ground. A family named White had retired last night, when the flood entered

bed covering before they got out. Nearly all telegraphic communication is cut off, and big washouts are reported on the railroads. Two or more fatalities are reported. The rain was well as killed by lightning and a boy named Sanderson drowned, while escaping from the flood. The rain is still falling.

Crops Destroyed.
By Tempest, to the Post-Dispatch.
 BURET, Ill., July 10.—The heaviest rain that has fallen here since Bremen had a town full yesterday, but the stream is over the mill race and the low land, for farmers are

noosed. The roads are in some places impassable on account of washouts and bridges being carried away. The railroads have several breaks on account of the washouts of the tracks. The crop of wheat and oats are badly damaged, especially the oat crop, which is lying flat on the ground and will rot. The streets in places are entirely covered with water, and all work on the farm has stopped. There will be much of the corn on the low

lands that will be drowned out and dined, while the water will be carried off by the Sangamon River and other streams will be swept away or ruined by the overflow of the river.

A Miner Fatally Injured.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.
COAL, Ill., July 10.—Geo. W. Farthing, a coal miner engaged in the mine at this place, met with a serious accident while at work this morning. He was digging coal when a layer of top coal, over twelve inches in thickness, fell upon his back, breaking three or four ribs and injuring his lungs and other vital organs.

The physicians fear there are some internal injuries, and he is expected to die.

A Severe Fall.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 10.—A young man named John Rohn, a workman at the Capitol, sustained a severe fall this morning. He was walking on a plank in the garret when

He tilted up and he fell to the second floor, a distance of thirty feet. His right ankle was dislocated and his body considerably so. He was carried to the city by comrades and his wounds dressed by a physician. The shock and sprain, though painful, are not thought to be dangerous. The young man resides out in this county.

A Fatal Sunstroke.

By Telegram to the POST-DISPATCH.

QUINCY, Ill., July 10.—The first case of sunstroke in this vicinity this summer is that of Henry Waack, a farm hand for Frank Fey.

RAILROAD NEWS.

The Central Traffic Association Issues a Circular With Recommendations.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 10.—The Freight Committee of the Central Traffic Association has agreed upon the following recommendations:

to be submitted to the managers: That it would be advisable to postpone the consideration of relations with Western roads until peace had been restored, and that in the meantime the existing agreement be observed; that rates on pig iron and articles of iron be the same in both directions; that weights by public elevators recognized by boards of trade be accepted on grain when promptly certified to; that rates to Lower Mississippi River points should be established as follows: From Detroit to Toledo, Sandusky and Cleveland to be

the same as established from Chicago, and the intermediate interior points in Ohio and Eastern Indiana to be at not less than the established rates from Cincinnati; that rates from Pittsburgh, Wheeling, etc., be agreed upon, and if found that the combination of rates via Cincinnati makes less than established rates from Cincinnati, the matter be taken up with Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio and rates adjusted in a proper basis, but in no

It also recommends that no change be made in the present differential from Milwaukee via Ludington and Grand Haven; that rates from points west of Buffalo, Pittsburg and Salamanca and Boston, when based on less than 100 per cent of Chicago, should be scaled down to the percentage basis of the Chicago and Boston rates; that billing in transit amounts should be continued on a minimum basis of 10 cents per 100 pounds higher than

the rates on grain from original points of shipment to agreed destination of product; that the milling in transit privileges be extended to wheat, corn and oats only.

Gorman Declines.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The Times says: "There were rumors about the Fifth Avenue Hotel during last evening to the effect that some

Chairman had been experienced in finding a chairman for the Executive Committee of the Democratic National Committee. It was said that Senator Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland had been asked to accept the chairmanship, which involves the management of the campaign, and that he had refused. When the attention of Congressman Wm. I. Scott of Erie, Pa., was called to this rumor, he dryly said: "I never

A Chair as a Weapon.
Thomas Clemens and Birdie Murphy, both

clock this morning at Birdie's house in the rear of No. 505 South Fourth street. Clemens picked up a chair and beat her over the head and shoulders with it, bruising her badly, but not injuring her dangerously. Clemens escaped at the time, but was arrested this afternoon by Officer Maher.

An inquest was to have been held at the Corner's office to-day on the body of Michael Cohen, who died at the City Hospital Sunday afternoon from the effects of a fracture of the skull caused by his being struck on the head with a brick on the night of the 3d inst. As Edward London, who is arrested for the killing, is out

Second District Police Court.

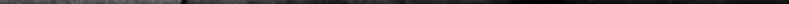
Henry F. Meyers, the Seventh and Wash street grocer, who engaged in a revolver assault last night because he thought he saw a negro trying to enter his cellar, was fined \$500 and a shadow of \$100.

harging fire arms; James Flynn, Francis McGarry, and Mike Ryan were fined \$10 each on a charge of interfering with the duties of a police officer. Lizzie Foster forfeited a bond of \$10 by failing to appear to answer to a charge of disturbing the peace. There were twenty-eight cases in all.

On the Wrong Path.

Lilly Devanney, a girl 15 years of age, pretty but very tough, was arrested by Officers O'Brien and Fay at 11:30 last night in a wine-room. They noticed her in the company of men in the place, and though her under age. To-day her mother, who resides at No. 1212 Linden street, called at the Court and took the girl to the House of Good Shepherd in hopes of reforming her.

New York Republican Convention.
NEW YORK, July 10.—The Republican State Committee met at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning and decided to hold the State Convention at Saratoga, August 23.



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 477; quitclaim.....

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 477; quitclaim.....

THE "Q" SENSATION.

CHAIRMAN HOGE OF THE GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE ARRESTED TO-DAY.

Charles Thomas, alias Murphy, also arrested. The strikers greatly excited over this morning's developments. Hoge and Murphy taken before a justice and released on bail—C. B. & Q. Brakemen at Kansas City on a strike.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 10.—Chairman Hoge had nothing to say regarding the arrest of Engineer Gooding last evening except to reiterate his former statement that the Brotherhood would protect no guilty man.

"What is there to your alleged statement that there may be a general strike all over the country?" asked the reporter.

"I meant nothing further than that if the 'Q' road should arrest some of the Brotherhood leaders there would be a complete cessation of work. If Arthur had been arrested when that subject was agitated it would have stopped every wheel in the country. I think it would be the same if I should be arrested. They have gone no further among our officers than Banerjee, and that's far enough."

Chairman Hoge of the Grievance Committee of the Brotherhood of Engineers and Firemen, occupying the same position in the Firemen's Brotherhood were arrested at their rooms in the National hotel this morning. The prisoners were taken completely by surprise. Both men were taken to the police headquarters and looked up by the chiefs were charged with conspiracy. The much-talked-of circular in which Hoge is alleged to have requested Brotherhood men to hire themselves secretly to the 'Q' road and to disguise the engine is said to be the basis of the charge against Hoge. Chairman Hoge is charged with being an accomplice in the conspiracy. He swore out the warrants last night and they were given to the officers to be served early this morning.

Attorney Collier of the "Q" road said this morning that the prisoners would be arraigned before a justice and a continuance of the case was not yet ready to push its case. He asserted, however, that the defense in the possession of the company was conclusive.

HOGE AND MURPHY BAILED.

Hoge and Murphy were taken before Justice R. H. White, but asked for a change of venue. Upon the prisoners being brought to Justice Lyon, the railroad attorney demanded a continuance. The justice was about to fix bail at \$10,000 each, when the company's lawyers protested, and after some parley the amount was increased to \$1,000 for each. The men were promptly furnished, and Messrs. Hoge and Murphy released until Saturday. Collier, the other strikers' attorney, is arraigned under State, not Federal, statutes. The recently enacted Merritt conspiracy law, if convicted the penalty is a term at hard labor in the penitentiary. Two other names were on the list with Hoge and Murphy for arrest—John J. Kelly and John H. McCollivary. A midnight consultation of the company led to the arrests. Two or three detectives, Manager Stone, Freight Agent Paul Morton and Attorney Collier were present on the evidence against the alleged conspirators, and it was not until early in the night that they decided to arrest Hoge and Murphy. Then the little party broke up, the warrants were served, and the men were retired for a few hours of rest. Then they arose to take the result of their work.

"Well, we landed our men," said Paul Morton to a reporter soon after the announcement of the arrests were made.

"What do these arrests signify?"

"They mean that Mr. Hoge and Mr. Murphy have been arrested for criminal conspiracy in connection with the circular, and I think we can prove that the circular came from them."

No more arrests were made. The circular is said, but it is hinted that several strikers in other places will be behind the bars before long.

HOW THE ARRESTS WERE MADE.

The warrant for Hoge and Murphy was placed in the hands of Inspector Bonfield and turned over by him to two officers. They were shortly after 6 o'clock when the officers proceeded to the National Hotel on Clark street, where Hoge and his wife, Murphy and several other Brotherhood officials are stopping. The officers were posted and needed to ask no questions before going to the rooms of the men they wanted. Hoge and Murphy were taken to room 15, and rapped. There was no response, and the knock was repeated in a more energetic manner. This caused Hoge, who opened the door.

"What is wanted?" he asked.

"That's my name," said the officer.

"Then I have a warrant for your arrest," said the officer.

"All right, I will be with you in a moment," Hoge expressed no surprise, but hastily dressed himself and joined the officer in the hall.

In the meantime the other officer had gone to room 17, which he knew was occupied by Murphy, who came to the door in response to his rap. Murphy was dressed in a nightgown and evidently had little sleep.

"Well, whose room is this?" asked the officer.

"Charles Thomas," was the reply.

"I thought Murphy occupied it,"

"Well, so he does, that's my name, but unless your business is of great importance I am bound to tell you."

"But it is of importance. I have a warrant for your arrest."

MURPHY SURPRISED.

Murphy was awake now. His face grew pale as the night robe he wore. He staggered and crumpled in the doorway and looked at the officer who had come to his room.

"A warrant," he gasped. "What for, for God's sake?"

"It charges you with conspiracy against the C. B. & Q. road," and the warrant was read to him.

Murphy dressed himself slowly. He was too nervous to proceed as leisurely as did Hoge. A light blue coat and vest and a straw hat completed his attire and he hurried as he went out into the chilly morning air.

Hoge spoke to him and said that Murphy was not in a mood to respond, and little was said until the two were placed in cells behind prison bars. Frank Collier, the attorney for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, was there before David, and so was Inspector Bonfield and the officers who made the arrests. A moment later Alexander Sullivan entered.

"I actually don't know a thing about it," said he. "I am accused in civil cases by the Brotherhood and have been called in by Hoge's friends."

"Will the Brotherhood take up their defense?"

"I can't say as to that. My presence here does not signify that it will. I really have not had an opportunity to talk to my clients and can say nothing about the case for them."

"This case," said Mr. Collier, "grows out of the circular sent out to the Brotherhood lodges asking the Brotherhood to hire themselves on to take places on the 'Q,' and suggested that they bring a good supply of sal-soda and kerosene with them. The circular is a document which is deemed prima facie evidence of a share in a concerted conspiracy, and we have a case against the prisoners."

"Then they are not to be arraigned for the same alleged to have been found in Hoge's room at the Grand Pacific?"

"Well, we will not at present charge them with direct implication in that,"

PUMPING BONFIELD.

"And the sending of the circulars is the only charge against them?"

"Isn't that enough. Now, don't ask me more than I can answer."

"Are you going to show that they had the circulars printed?"

"We are going to show enough to prove a clear case against them. I am sure that you want to know anything more ask Bonfield. He has had charge of the case all the time. You see you fellows don't know everything. Inspector Bonfield was appealed to but replied that he knew nothing about the case. Mr. Stone swore out a warrant and we served it. That's all I know."

But any kind of evidence in the case. It is said on good authority that you have had charge of it all the way through."

The inspector looked a trifle worried.

"However told you that," he said, "must have been crazy."

Attorney David was running around the station in an effort to find out where the prisoners were. Attorney Sullivan stood in the dignity, apparently oblivious of all that was going on. Insistent Bonfield was carrying on miscellaneous conversation with a host of officers and the two prisoners were in their cells down stairs.

HOGS WON'T TALK.

Hoge was sitting easily on his bench. He did not seem at all perturbed at his predicament and smiled good-naturedly when the reporter approached. "Yes, I was surprised," he said. "Greatly surprised, they had no trouble in arresting me, I guess."

"Anything to say?"

"No, I think I won't talk now. It would not be right, you see, to say anything until I see my attorneys."

"How about those circulars?"

"Now, I told you that I have nothing to say. It is useless to ask me."

Murphy was pacing up and down his cell. He was very nervous and greatly agitated. A question put to him elicited no response. Another brought him to the door of his cell. He said that he was a good, law-abiding man, with a prominent nose and thin lips. Sharp gray eyes glanced from under bushy eyebrows, and a good forehead. His pale face wore a deathly pallor, and as he paced up and down his cell his clenched hands told of the state of his nerves.

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POLITICAL MACHINERY.

NOW BEING CONSTRUCTED BY THE PROHIBITION PARTY.

Preparations Being Made by the Temperance People for Ward Organization the Coming Campaign.—A Democratic Organizer Squelched.—Saloon Licenses and Politics.—Nominations.—The Democratic City Committee Awaiting Belief.—Hendricks Association Meeting.—Political Notes.

The prohibitionists of the city held their first campaign meeting last night. The big temperance tabernacle was decorated with a bountiful supply of Ben Butler's bugle, and the speakers' stand was a large libretto of Gen. Clanton. At 8:30 the crowd numbered about 400, 100 of whom were ladies and children.

Wm. O. Wilson called the meeting to order, and a committee was appointed to select the names for the ward organization. The City Central Committee of the Prohibition party. While this committee was out several volunteer speeches were made. A club of thirty voters from Centenary Methodist Church, styled the "Centenary Prohibition Club," marched in, and the committee of thirteen were nominated and elected, with Wm. O. Wilson for chairman and F. H. Ingalls, Ben Beerling, H. M. Brockstedt, John O. Roite, Selma Watson and seven others. This committee is to be increased by the addition of the ward of the city, to be selected by the ward Prohibitionists.

After the committee's report had been received, the speaker, Mr. J. H. Meriwether, the irrefragable woman suffragist, wanted to know why three of our men don't stand up for the law. She said: "If we women had the license laws we would march down to the saloons and smash them to pieces."

She was followed by Mrs. J. H. Meriwether, the irrefragable woman suffragist, wanted to know why three of our men don't stand up for the law. She said: "If we women had the license laws we would march down to the saloons and smash them to pieces."

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